THE WESTERN KEYS LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31ST DECEMBER 2022



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Statement of Management Responsibilities For the year ended 31st December 2022 (Amounts expressed in Trinidad & Tobago Dollars)

The audited financial statements of **The Western Keys Limited** (the 'Company') for the year ended **31**st **December 2022** were prepared by management who is responsible for the integrity and fairness of the information presented.

Management acknowledges its responsibility for:

- a) The preparation of the audited financial statements which comprise the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended 31st December 2022 together with the summary of significant accounting policies, notes and other explanations.
- b) Establishing and maintaining an adequate internal control structure, procedures, accounting records for financial reporting (which form the basis of the audited financial statements) and safeguarding the assets of the company.
- c) Applying the appropriate accounting policies in a consistent manner and calculating reasonable accounting estimates and prudent judgements.
- d) Ensuring that the audited financial statements presented are a true and fair presentation of the state of affairs of the company, which includes ensuring that the information from which the audited financial statements are derived is structured and adequately assessed to ensure that the system of internal controls operated effectively during the reporting period.
- e) On a continuous basis where applicable, implementing, monitoring and evaluating the system of internal controls that assures the security of the company's assets, detection and prevention of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and the achievement of the company's operational efficiencies.

These audited financial statements of **The Western Keys Limited** are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities (IFRS for SMEs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB – IFRS Foundation) and adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Trinidad and Tobago (ICATT) and the appropriate accounting policies have been established in a manner which gives a true and fair view of the company's affairs and operating results.

Where IFRS for SMEs provided alternative accounting treatments, management selected those considered most appropriate in the circumstances. These audited financial statements complies in all material respects with local legislation enacted and in force.

Further, no event, circumstance or information has been brought to the attention of management that compromises the company's status as a going concern for the next twelve (12) months from the date of this statement.

Director	Director
Date	Date

Statement of Financial Position As at 31st December 2022 (Amounts expressed in Trinidad & Tobago Dollars)

		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
<u>Assets</u>	<u>Notes</u>	<u>(\$)</u>	<u>(\$)</u>
Non-Current Assets			
Leasehold Improvements	4, 2m)	13,064	14,516
Investment Property	5, 2c)	3	3
	_	13,067	14,519
Current Assets			
Accounts Receivable	6, 2d)	43,348	30,233
Cash Investment	7, 2f)	55,218	54,564
Cash At Bank	8, 2f)	13,030	40,403
		111,596	125,200
Total Assets		124,663	139,719
Equity and Liabilities			
Reserves			
General Reserve	14	104,003	104,905
		104,003	104,905
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable And Accruals	10, 2e)	20,660	34,814
Total Equity and Liabilities	—	124,663	139,719

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements. These financial statements of The Western Keys Limited were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on the _____ day of _____ 2023 and were signed on their behalf by

Director

Director

Statement of Income and Expenditure For the year ended 31st December 2022 (Amounts expressed in Trinidad & Tobago Dollars)

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2022</u> (\$)	<u>2021</u> (\$)
Operating Revenue			
Lease Rental Income	11, 2i)	550	550
Maintenance And Service Charges	11, 2i)	54,450	51,830
Other Income And Interest Earned	11, 2i)	945	641
Total Operating Income		55,945	53,021
Operating Expenses	_		
General And Administrative Expenses	Schedule 1	(55,711)	(53,801)
Financial Expenses	Schedule 2	(350)	(358)
Total General And Administrative Expenses		(56,061)	(54,159)
<u>Deficit For The Year</u>		(116)	(1,138)
Additional Rent Receivable	9, 2d)	666	1,688
Amounts Transferred To Accumulated Fund		550	550
Appropriation Of Deficit			
Deficit For The Year (As Above)		(116)	(1,138)
Amounts Due (To)/From Tenants	9, 2d)	(786)	75
Depreciation Transferred From General Reserve	4, 2c)	1,452	1,613
Net Surplus Retained In General Reserve	_	550	550

Statement of Changes In Equity For the year ended 31st December 2022 (Amounts expressed in Trinidad & Tobago Dollars)

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>General</u> <u>Reserve</u>	Accumulated Fund	<u>Total</u>
		<u>(\$)</u>	<u>(\$)</u>	<u>(\$)</u>
<u>Balance At January 1st, 2021</u>		105,968	-	105,968
Transfer From Accumulated Fund		-	(1,063)	(1,063)
Surplus For The Year	14	550	(550)	-
Depreciation Transferred From General Reserve	14	(1,613)	1,613	
Balance At December 31 st , 2021		104,905	-	104,905
Balance At January 1 st , 2022		104,905	-	104,905
Transfer From Accumulated Fund		-	(902)	(902)
Surplus For The Year	14	550	(550)	-
Depreciation Transferred From General Reserve	14	(1,452)	1,452	
<u>Balance At December 31st, 2022</u>		104,003	-	104,003

Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended 31st December 2022 (Amounts expressed in Trinidad & Tobago Dollars)

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2022</u> (\$)	<u>2021</u> (\$)
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
Surplus Before Taxation		550	550
Adjustments For Non-Cash Items			
Depreciation Charges	4, 2c)	1,452	1,613
Transfer To General Reserve and Accumulated Fund	14	(1,452)	(1,613)
Cash Surplus Arising From Operating Activities		550	550
Adjustments To Reconcile Surplus Cash Provided By			
Operating Activities			
Increase In Accounts Receivable	6, 2d)	(13,114)	(1,336)
Decrease In Other Payables And Accruals	10, 2e)	(14,155)	(919)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	. , _	(26,719)	(1,705)
Taxation Paid	13	-	-
Cash Surplus / (Deficit) From Operating Activities		(26,719)	(1,705)
Increase In Cash And Cash Equivalents		(26,719)	(1,705)
Cash And Cash Equivalents – Beginning of Year		94,967	96,672
Cash And Cash Equivalents – End of Year		68,248	94,967
Analysis Of Cash And Cash Equivalents			
Cash Investment	7	55,218	54,564
Cash At Bank	8	13,030	40,403
		68,248	94,967

Schedule to the Statement of Profit or Loss and Comprehensive Income For the year ended 31st December 2022 (Amounts expressed in Trinidad & Tobago Dollars)

	<u>Notes</u>	<u>2022</u> (\$)	<u>2021</u> (\$)
<u>General And Administrative Expenses – Schedule 1</u>			
Accounting Fees		-	6,000
Advertising And Promotion		800	-
Audit Fees	12	6,750	6,750
Depreciation	4, 2c)	1,452	1,613
Green Fund Levy		167	157
Lease Rental Payments		10	10
Office Expenses		87	(259)
Professional Services		3,938	1,125
Repairs And Maintenance – General		8,340	3,900
Repairs And Maintenance – Garden		5,200	5,600
Rates And Taxes		-	30
Service Charges	-	28,967	28,875
Total General And Administrative Expenses	-	55,711	53,801
<u>Financial Expenses – Schedule 2</u> Bank Charges	_	350	358
<u>Total Expenses</u>	-	56,061	54,159

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31st December 2022

(Amounts expressed in Trinidad & Tobago Dollars)

1. Incorporation and principal activity

The Company was initially incorporated in the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago on 19th August, 1981 and has been continued under the New Companies Act of 1995 as amended by the Companies Amendment Act 1997, and is a Company limited by Guarantee. It's registered office is situate at Townhouse 7 Windsurf Road East, The Western Keys, Westmoorings by-the-sea, Carenage.

The Company's principal activities are to oversee the operation and maintenance of the common areas including certain other obligations particular to gated community development known as The Western Keys. By Deed of sublease dated 7th November, 1986, The Western Keys Limited came into possession of the reversionary interest in the property as conveyed by Westmoorings Limited (the Developer and Lessor), for a nominal consideration of Five Trinidad and Tobago Dollars (TT\$5.00) and is subsequently reflected at amortised cost. The development also forms part of a larger gated community development known as Westmoorings by-the-sea and is overseen by Westmoorings Gardens Limited.

The company's operations are to oversee the common areas of the larger property which comprises fifty-five (55) townhouses. The property consists of roads, reserves, gardens and drainage infrastructure which The Western Keys Limited is covenanted to maintain by virtue of the aforementioned deed of sublease. All of the obligations of the lessor has been assumed by The Western Keys Limited.

For the current reporting period, headings and references made to profit and loss has been changed to "Income and Expenditure" in properly addressing the true nature and intent of the company as a not-for-profit entity.

2. Significant accounting policies, judgements, estimates and assumptions

a) <u>Statement of compliance</u>

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities (IFRS for SME's) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and effective for the year ended **31**st **December 2022**. The accounting policies that follow have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

b) Basis of preparation

Assets and liabilities are recorded on the historical cost bases except for available for sale investments that are measured at fair values at the end of the reporting period. Historical costs are generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31st December 2022 (Amounts expressed in Trinidad & Tobago Dollars)

2. Significant accounting policies, judgements, estimates and assumptions (continued)

c) <u>Leasehold improvements</u>

Leasehold improvements are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses where necessary. The expected useful lives of leasehold improvements are reviewed on an annual basis and, if necessary, changes in useful lives are accounted for prospectively.

Provision for depreciation, depletion and amortisation of leasehold improvements is calculated on the reducing balance method utilising rates, which are sufficient to write off the depreciable amount of the assets over their estimated useful life as follows:

Leasehold improvements 10%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate at each statement of financial position date or where changes in circumstances indicate that impairment may have occurred. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carry amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Cost of borrowing, for acquisition of leasehold improvements are expensed as they are incurred.

Repairs and renovation costs are normally expensed as they are incurred. Expenses are reposted as assets only if the amounts involved are substantial and one or more of the following conditions are satisfied: the original used life is prolonged, the production capacity is increased, the quality of the products is enhanced materially or the production costs are reduced considerably.

An item of leasehold improvements is derecognised upon disposal or when the future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period in which the item is derecognised.

d) Accounts and other receivables

Accounts and other receivables are recognised initially at invoice costs and are subsequently measured at net realisable cost using the initial invoice value less any provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of accounts receivable is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganization, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the accounts receivable is impaired.

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account, and the amount of loss recognised in the statement of income and expenditure within 'administrative and general expenses. When a receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account for accounts receivable. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against 'administrative and general expenses' in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Other receivables are measured at cost less any impairment

e) Accounts and other payables

Accounts and other payables are recognised initially at fair value based on the original invoice and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31st December 2022 (Amounts expressed in Trinidad & Tobago Dollars)

2. Significant accounting policies, judgements, estimates and assumptions (continued)

f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents included cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, and other short-term highly liquid investments (if any) which are subsequent to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

g) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting year, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

Where some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligation may be immaterial.

h) Taxation

Income and Corporation Taxes (if any) are accounted for on the taxes payable basis where only taxes actually paid / payable for the period are charged to current operations. Accounting profits are adjusted for permanent and temporary timing differences in accordance with best practices and conventions adopted by the Board of Inland Revenue and reflect only that liability without reference to deferred taxation or potential taxation liability arising out of liquidation of assets of the Company. The Directors are of the opinion that the taxation policy adopted by the Company reflects substantially the Company's position.

The Company being a property management company (in addition to being limited by guarantee) is exempt from corporation tax given that it incurs neither a profit nor loss with any surpluses or shortfalls being absorbed by the members. As a result, therefore no taxable provisions are made except for Green Fund Levy Liabilities. At the end of each financial year this policy is reviewed to ensure compliance with applicable legislation and to review the basis of preparation of the Financial Statements.

i) <u>Revenue recognition</u>

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the provision of services or the holding of investments in the ordinary course of the Company's activities. Revenue is shown net of returns, rebates and discounts. Revenue is recognised when the amount of the revenue can be reliably measured and on the accrual basis. Revenue is derived primarily from lease rent and service charges levied to the townhouse owners in accordance with the respective deeds of sublease.

j) Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are initially measured at transaction price, net of transaction costs. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31st December 2022 (Amounts expressed in Trinidad & Tobago Dollars)

2. Significant accounting policies, judgements, estimates and assumptions (continued)

k) Financial instruments

The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instrument for which it is practical to estimate a value, are as follows:

Short term financial assets and liabilities

The carrying amount of short-term financial assets and liabilities comprising cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, investment and loans are a reasonable estimate of their fair values because of the short-term maturity of the estimate.

Long term financial assets and liabilities

The fair value of medium and long-term financial assets and liabilities approximates their carrying amounts.

I) Financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to two types of risk; credit risk and liquidity risk.

a) Credit risk

Credit Risk is managed on a member-to-member basis. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, derivative financial instruments and deposits with banks and financial institutions as well as credit exposures to customers including outstanding receivables and committed transactions. The Company has no significant concentrations of credit risk.

b) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying business, the Company aims to maintain flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available.

m) Investment property

Investment Property represents leasehold lands carried at cost with no provision for amortization. Management considers that fairer presentation is achieved when the carrying value of the lease represents the full value of the nominal consideration paid. The Investment Property earns fixed long term rental yields for a limited term period and is further detailed in note 5 of the Financial Statements.

n) Currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment which the entity operates (i.e. the functional currency) and the financial statements are presented in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars.

o) Comparative figures

Comparative figures are restated to conform to current years' presentation if required and are usually disclosed separately in the general notes to the financial statements. Details stating the prior period balance in addition to the impact of the restatement is also disclosed. There has been no restatement of comparative figures for the reporting period.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31st December 2022 (Amounts expressed in Trinidad & Tobago Dollars)

3. Critical accounting estimates, assumptions and judgements and key sources of uncertainty

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

a) Income taxes

The Company is not subject to income taxes under the Income Tax Act in Trinidad and Tobago but is subject to levy and other statutory dues as guided by the Miscellaneous Taxes Act.

b) <u>Revenue recognition</u>

The Company declares its income based on the arrangements for determination of certain amounts to be billed to the lot owners as certified by the External Auditor and the budget prepared by Management. In assessing the risks involved, Management views the trend history of the tenants' payment cycle and reviews the tenancy position but relies heavily on the ability to recover any jeopardised income out of levy actions.

4. Leasehold improvements

	LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS	TOTAL
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
Year Ended 31 st December, 2022		
Opening Net Book Value	14,516	14,516
Depreciation	(1,452)	(1,452)
Closing Net Book Value	13,064	13,064
Year Ended 31 st December, 2022		
Cost/Valuations	25,000	25,000
Accumulated Depreciation	(11,936)	(11,936)
Closing Net Book Value	13,064	13,064
Year Ended 31 st December, 2021		
Opening Net Book Value	16,129	16,129
Depreciation	(1,613)	(1,613)
Closing Net Book Value	14,516	14,516
Year Ended 31 st December, 2021		
Cost/Valuations	25,000	25,000
Accumulated Depreciation	(10,484)	(10,484)
Closing Net Book Value	14,516	14,516

Capital improvements made to the leasehold property (common areas) have also been capitalized and depreciated accordingly.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31st December 2022 (Amounts expressed in Trinidad & Tobago Dollars)

5. Investment property

<u></u>	<u>2022</u> (\$)	<u>2021</u> (\$)
Standing to account at year-end	3	3

By deed of assignment dated 7th November 1986, The Western Keys Limited came into possession of the common areas in the leased property as conveyed by Westmoorings Limited (the Developer and Lessor) for a nominal consideration of Five Trinidad and Tobago Dollars (TT\$5.00). The common areas in the property comprises roads, reserves, drains, gardens and forms part and parcel of the larger leased property which comprises some 2 acres in total and carries a 99 year lease terms commencing from 11th February, 1977, less four (4) days. In accordance with the IFRS for SME's, Management has the option to measure the asset at fair value but have elected to adopt the amortized cost model in the financial statements.

6. Accounts receivable

	<u>2022</u> (\$)	<u>2021</u> (\$)
Gross receivables at year-end – 100% Local	43,348	30,233

Receivables are stated at gross amounts and are representative of service charges and lease rental billings to the tenants. There have been no doubtful debt provisions for the current or comparative period.

7. Cash investment

	<u>2022</u> (\$)	<u>2021</u> (\$)
Standing to account at year-end	55,218	54,564

The amount represents the balance on a money market investment account held at the Trinidad and Tobago Unit Trust Corporation and carries an effective interest rate of 1% for both periods. Receipts from service charges paid by townhouse owners are credited to the account and is also used to fund the expenditures incurred by the company. The Company does not operate any overdraft facility with the institution and the account balance remains unencumbered.

8. Cash at bank

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
	<u>(\$)</u>	<u>(\$)</u>
Bank balance – commercial chequing and savings account	13,030	40,403

This sum represents the bank balance held at a local bank and denominated in Trinidad and Tobago currency. It comprises a commercial chequing account used by the Company in its daily operations. The Company does not operate any financing or overdraft facility with the bank and the account balance remains unencumbered.

9. <u>Amounts due to tenants</u>

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
	<u>(\$)</u>	<u>(\$)</u>
Surplus refunded for the year	786	-
Deficit billed for the year to tenants		75

An account has been taken with respect to the costs, charges and expenses for the period in accordance with clause 8, 9 and 10 of the seventh schedule of the deed of sub-lease for the townhouse owners and the amounts certified as being due to them has been credited to their respective receivable balances (if any) in accordance with clause 2 (b) of the sixth schedule to the deed of sub-lease. The amount due for tenants have also been reflected in the income and expenditure account.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31st December 2022 (Amounts expressed in Trinidad & Tobago Dollars)

10. Accounts payable and accruals

<u></u>	<u>2022</u> (\$)	<u>2021 (\$)</u>
Balance standing to account at year-end	20,660	34,814
11. <u>Revenues</u>		
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
	<u>(\$)</u>	<u>(\$)</u>
(a) Lease rental income	550	550
(b) Maintenance and service charges	54,450	51,830
(c) Other income and interest earned	945	641
	55,945	53,021

a) Lease Rental Income accrues at the rate of Ten Trinidad and Tobago Dollars (TT\$10) per townhouse on the January 1st each year and is levied in accordance with Clause F of the Deed of Sub-Lease.

b) (Maintenance and service charges are levied in advance on fifty-five (55) townhouses at a rate of \$990.00 (2021 - \$942.36) per annum and is billed to fund the operating activities of the company.

c) The interest earned in a Cash Investment held at the Unit Trust Corporation Account, is reflected in this balance. For the reporting period the effective interest rate was 1%.

12. Audit fees

1

Amounts due and paid for the reporting periods	<u>2022</u> (<u>\$)</u> 6,750	<u>2021 (\$)</u> 6,750
13. <u>Green fund levy</u>	<u>2022</u> (\$)	<u>2021</u> (\$)
Green fund levy due	<u>167</u>	<u>157</u>

The Western Keys Limited being a company limited by guarantee, and whose activities do not revolve around commercial or similar trading undertakings that give rise to taxable profits, is deemed to be exempt from Corporation Tax. No account has been taken with respect to tax provisions save and except for Green Fund Levy liabilities which falls under the Miscellaneous Taxes Act.

Any activity undertaken by the Company is done on the basis of securing the interests of its members in accordance with their obligations under the deed of sub-lease and any surplus earned is refunded in the proportionate amount, and conversely with respect to shortfalls being collected in accordance with clause 6 of the Deed of sub-lease.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31st December 2022 (Amounts expressed in Trinidad & Tobago Dollars)

14. General reserve

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
	<u>(\$)</u>	<u>(\$)</u>
Opening balance bfwd	104,905	105,968
Surplus for the year	550	550
Depreciation	(1,452)	(1,613 <u>)</u>
Standing to the account at year end	104,003	104,905

As resolved by the Board of Director's and based upon the management committee's recommendations, a General Reserve was established in order to fund certain operations of the company that was not envisaged within the company's normal activities and to make same available for utilization in the discharge of unplanned and unforeseen obligations that exceeds its normal operations as the property management company.

15. Employment disclosure

At the statement of financial position date the company's employment structure was as follows:

	2022	<u>2021</u>
	<u>(\$)</u>	<u>(\$)</u>
Part time - casual	1	1
Part time - directors	5	5
Disabled	-	-
	6	6
Total value of vacation leave due		

16. Events after the reporting period

Management continues to evaluate the impact of the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) that occurred in 2020 and is still subsisting, particularly in respect of the company's revenue earning abilities and cash liquidity position. This disease was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organisation on March 11th, 2021 and has been discontinued as such on May 4th 2023. Management has determined that these events are non-adjusting subsequent events. Accordingly, the financial position and results of operations as of and for the year ended 31st December 2022 have not been adjusted to reflect their impact. The extent of the impact on the financial position and performance of the Company depends on future developments, including but not limited to (i) the continued duration and spread of the outbreak, (ii) the continued extent of restrictions and advisories, and (iii) the prolonged and continued effects on the local and global financial and economic markets, all of which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted. Management believes that it is not possible to reliably estimate the duration and severity of these consequences, as well as their impact on the financial position and results of the Company for future periods.

The continuation of these circumstances however could have a negative impact on the Company's financial condition and results. Management is optimistic that the Company will continue to meet its obligations to tenants for maintenance activities in spite of these circumstances and have formulated and implemented certain plans in order to combat the aforementioned consequences. Some of these plans are as follows:

- Monitoring and controlling operating costs and adhering to fixed cost budgets
- Maintaining the Company's cash liquidity position by increased credit control monitoring and working together with tenants to ensure that tenants accounts are kept up to date

17. Approval of financial statements

These financial statements were approved by the board of Directors and authorised for issue on the _____ day of _____, 2023.